

1. Find the critical numbers of $f(x) = 3x^3 + 17x^2 - 8x$.
- $x = 0$ and -8
 - $x = -4$ and $\frac{2}{9}$
 - $x = \frac{4}{9}$ and 3
 - $x = -\frac{32}{9}$ and 17
 - $x = \frac{2}{9}$ and -8
2. The graph of the second derivative f'' of a function f is shown. Find the x -coordinates of the inflection points.
- 6 and 9
 - 5 and 8
 - 3 and 6
 - 4 and 8
 - 3 and 9
3. Find the open interval in $(0, 2\pi)$ on which $f(x) = 3x + 10 \cos x$ is concave upward.
- $(0, \frac{\pi}{2})$
 - $(\pi, 2\pi)$
 - $(\frac{3\pi}{2}, 2\pi)$
 - $(\frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{7\pi}{4})$
 - $(\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2})$
4. Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (\sqrt{x^2 + 7x} - \sqrt{x^2 + 11x})$.
- 9
 - -4
 - -2
 - 18
 - $\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{11}$
5. Which one of the following statements is correct?
- The graph of $y = 8x^2 - x^4$ is decreasing on $(-2, 0)$.
 - The graph of $y = 8x^2 - x^4$ is increasing on $(-\infty, \infty)$.
 - The graph of $y = 8x^2 - x^4$ is increasing on $(-\infty, 0)$.
 - The graph of $y = 8x^2 - x^4$ is decreasing on $(-2, 2)$.
 - The graph of $y = 8x^2 - x^4$ is decreasing on $(0, 2)$.
6. Find the sum of two positive numbers such that the product of the two numbers is 225 and the sum is a minimum.
- 78
 - 50
 - 34
 - 30
 - 25
7. Find the absolute maximum value of $y = \sqrt{49 - x^2}$ on the interval $[-7, 7]$.
- 7
 - 8
 - 0
 - 6
 - 14
8. Find the exact value(s) of the numbers c that satisfy the conclusion of the Mean Value Theorem for the function $f(x) = x^3 - 5x$ for the interval $[-5, 5]$.
- $\pm \frac{\sqrt{3}}{5}$
 - $\pm \frac{5\sqrt{3}}{3}$
 - $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$
 - ± 3
 - ± 5
9. How many real roots does the equation $x^5 - 6x + c = 0$ have in the interval $[-1, 1]$?
- no real roots
 - three real roots
 - at most one real root
 - two real roots
 - at least 5 real roots

10. Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 8x}}{8x + 5}$.
- 0
 - ∞
 - $\frac{5}{8}$
 - $\frac{1}{5}$
 - $\frac{1}{8}$
11. Find the slant asymptote of $f(x) = \frac{x^4 + 4}{x^3}$.
- $y = x$
 - $y = x^2$
 - $y = 1$
 - $y = x + 4$
 - $y = 4$
12. Find the point in the line $y = 2x + 9$ that is closest to the origin.
- $\left(-\frac{9}{2}, 0\right)$
 - $(-4, 1)$
 - $(2, 13)$
 - $\left(-\frac{18}{5}, 0\right)$
 - $\left(-\frac{18}{5}, \frac{9}{5}\right)$
13. Suppose oil spills from a ruptured tanker and spreads in a circular pattern. If the radius of the oil spill increases at a constant rate of 1 m/s, how fast is the area of the spill increasing when the radius is 48 m?
- $202\pi \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$
 - $101\pi \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$
 - $192\pi \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$
 - $96\pi \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$
 - $288\pi \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$
14. A plane flying horizontally at an altitude of 1 mile and a speed of 450 mi/h passes directly over a radar station. Find the rate at which the distance from the plane to the station is increasing when it is 10 miles away from the station.
- $50\sqrt{99}$ mi/h
 - $45\sqrt{99}$ mi/h
 - $50\sqrt{101}$ mi/h
 - 540 mi/h
 - 517 mi/h
15. Find the linear approximation of the function $g(x) = \sqrt[7]{1+x}$ at $a = 0$.
- $\sqrt[7]{1+x} \approx \frac{1}{7}x + 1$
 - $\sqrt[7]{1+x} \approx 7x - 1$
 - $\sqrt[7]{1+x} \approx 7x + 1$
 - $\sqrt[7]{1+x} \approx x + 7$
 - $\sqrt[7]{1+x} \approx \frac{1}{7}x - 1$
16. Find the differential of the function $y = x^4 + 2x$.
- $dy = (4x^4 + 2)dx$
 - $dy = (x^3 + 2)dx$
 - $dy = (4x^3 + 2)dx$
 - $dy = (4x - 2)dx$
 - $dy = (x^4 + 2x)dx$
17. (10 pts) The altitude of a triangle is increasing at a rate of 4 cm/min while the area of the triangle is increasing at a rate of $5 \text{ cm}^2/\text{min}$. At what rate is the base of the triangle changing when the altitude is 2 cm and the area is 92 cm^2 ?
18. (10 pts) Find the largest possible volume of the box with a square base and an open top whose total surface is 1200 cm^2 .