

## Fatigue Lifetime Calculation (via Fracture Mechanics)

typically a Paris-type equation is available for a metal (for Region II of  $da/dN$  curve):

$$\frac{da}{dN} = A (\Delta K)^m$$

to estimate the fatigue life, rearrange the equation and integrate:

$$dN = \frac{da}{A (\Delta K)^m}$$

$$N_f = \int_0^{N_f} dN = \int_{a_0}^{a_c} \frac{da}{A \Delta K^m}$$

Comments regarding terms on right side of equation:

$A_m$  - are proportionality constants that is known (for example, from laboratory tests)

$\Delta K$  - use  $K$  equation that is appropriate for the geometry and loading (for example, for center cracked, infinite plate:

$$K = \sigma (\pi a)^{1/2}$$

$$\Delta K = \Delta \sigma (\pi a)^{1/2}$$

- note that  $\Delta K$  is not constant, containing "a" which must be integrated!

$a_c$  - The crack size at failure (at cycle  $N_f$ ); calculated using the  $K$  equation for the geometry and  $P_{max}$  in the load cycle

$a_0$  - assumed or known from NDE