

Problem 11.1

Given: $2b = 12$ in $E = 30 \times 10^6$ psi $\nu = 0.3$ $\sigma_f = 380$ ksi

Solution

a) The ultimate strength of plate with 8" crack size.

Fracture toughness is SIF at ultimate strength and is constant.

$$\Rightarrow \beta_1 \cdot \sigma_1 \cdot \sqrt{\pi a_1} = \beta_2 \cdot \sigma_2 \cdot \sqrt{\pi a_2}$$

$$\therefore \sigma_2 = \sigma_1 \cdot \frac{\beta_1}{\beta_2} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{a_1}{a_2}}$$

$$= \sigma_1 \cdot \left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2b}{\pi a_1} \tan\left(\frac{\pi a_1}{2b}\right)}}{\sqrt{\frac{2b}{\pi a_2} \tan\left(\frac{\pi a_1}{2b}\right)}} \right] \cdot \sqrt{\frac{a_1}{a_2}}$$

$$= 30 \left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{12}{\pi \cdot 2} \tan\left(\frac{\pi \cdot 2}{12}\right)}}{\sqrt{\frac{12}{\pi \cdot 4} \tan\left(\frac{\pi \cdot 4}{12}\right)}} \right] \cdot \sqrt{\frac{2}{4}}$$

$$= \boxed{17.32} \text{ ksi}$$

b) Strain energy release rate (4 in, 30 ksi)

$$K_I = \beta \cdot \sigma \cdot \sqrt{\pi a}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore K_I &= \sqrt{\frac{2b}{\pi a} \cdot \tan\left(\frac{\pi a}{2b}\right)} \cdot \tau \cdot \sqrt{\pi a} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{12}{\pi \cdot 2} \cdot \tan\left(\frac{\pi \cdot 2}{12}\right)} \cdot 30 \cdot \sqrt{\pi \cdot 2} \\ &= 78.95 \text{ ksi} \sqrt{\text{in}} \end{aligned}$$

Strain energy release rate,

$$\begin{aligned} G &= \frac{(K_I)^2}{E} \\ &= \frac{(78.95 \times 10^3)^2}{30 \times 10^6} = 207.8 \text{ psi} \end{aligned}$$

c) Maximum crack opening displacement:

Max. displacement at $r=a=2''$, $\theta=180^\circ$

$$U_y = \frac{K_I}{8\mu} \sqrt{\frac{2r}{\pi}} \cdot \left[(2k+1) \cdot \sin\frac{\theta}{2} - \sin\frac{3\theta}{2} \right]$$

$$\mu = \frac{E}{2(1+\nu)} = \frac{30 \times 10^6}{2(1+0.3)} = 11.54 \times 10^6 \text{ psi}$$

$$k = \frac{3-\nu}{1+\nu} = \frac{3-0.3}{1+0.3} = 2.08$$

Substituting, we get

$$U_y = 5.9 \times 10^{-3} \text{ in} \sim 0.006 \text{ in}$$

$$\therefore \text{COD}|_{\text{max}} = 2U_y = 0.012 \text{ in}$$

Problem 11.2

$$a) \sigma_x = \frac{K_I}{\sqrt{2\pi r}} \cos \frac{\theta}{2} \left[1 - \sin \frac{\theta}{2} \sin \frac{3\theta}{2} \right] - \frac{K_{II}}{\sqrt{2\pi r}} \sin \frac{\theta}{2} \left[2 + \cos \frac{\theta}{2} \cos \frac{3\theta}{2} \right]$$

$$\sigma_y = \frac{K_I}{\sqrt{2\pi r}} \cos \frac{\theta}{2} \left[1 + \sin \frac{\theta}{2} \sin \frac{3\theta}{2} \right] + \frac{K_{II}}{\sqrt{2\pi r}} \cos \frac{\theta}{2} \sin \frac{\theta}{2} \cos \frac{3\theta}{2}$$

at "A", $r=1$ $\theta = \pi/2$

$$40000 = \frac{K_I}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \cos \frac{\pi}{4} \left(1 - \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \sin \frac{3\pi}{4} \right) - \frac{K_{II}}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \sin \frac{\pi}{4} \left(2 + \cos \frac{\pi}{4} \cos \frac{3\pi}{4} \right)$$

$$= \frac{K_I - 3K_{II}}{4\sqrt{\pi}}$$

$$K_I - 3K_{II} = 16000\sqrt{\pi} \quad (1)$$

$$16000 = \frac{K_I}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + \frac{K_{II}}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right)$$

$$3K_I - K_{II} = 64000\sqrt{\pi} \quad (2)$$

$$= 22\sqrt{\pi}$$

$$K_I = 39.0 \text{ ksi} \sqrt{\text{in}}, \quad K_{II} = 3.55 \text{ ksi} \sqrt{\text{in}} \quad \#$$

crack opening displacement at B, $r=1$, $\theta = \pi$

$$U_y = \frac{K_I}{8\mu} \sqrt{\frac{2r}{\pi}} \left[(2K+1) \sin \frac{\theta}{2} - \sin \frac{3\theta}{2} \right] + \frac{K_{II}}{8\mu} \sqrt{\frac{2r}{\pi}} \left[-(2K-3) \cos \frac{\theta}{2} - \cos \frac{3\theta}{2} \right]$$

$$K = \frac{3-\nu}{1+\nu} = 2.08 \text{ plane stress}$$

$$G = \frac{30 \times 10^6}{2(1+0.3)} = 11.54 \times 10^6 \text{ psi}$$

$$K_I = \sigma \sqrt{\pi a} = 11 \times 10^3 \sqrt{4\pi} = 22 \times 10^3 \sqrt{\pi}$$

Problem 10.2 (cont'd)

$$U_y \Big|_{r=1, \theta=\pi} = \frac{22\sqrt{\pi} \times 10^3}{8 \times 11.54 \times 10^6} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left[2(2.08) + 1 \right] - (-1) + \frac{K_I}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left[\frac{2}{\pi} \right]^{1/2} \dots$$

$$= 2.08 \times 10^{-3} \text{ in}$$

crack opening displacement, $2U_y = 4.16 \times 10^{-3} \text{ in}$

b)

$$r_y = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left(\frac{K_I}{\sigma_{ys}} \right)^2 \quad \text{for plane stress}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \left(\frac{11 \times 10^3 \sqrt{2\pi}}{47 \times 10^3} \right)^2 \quad K_I = 11 \times 10^3 \sqrt{2\pi}$$

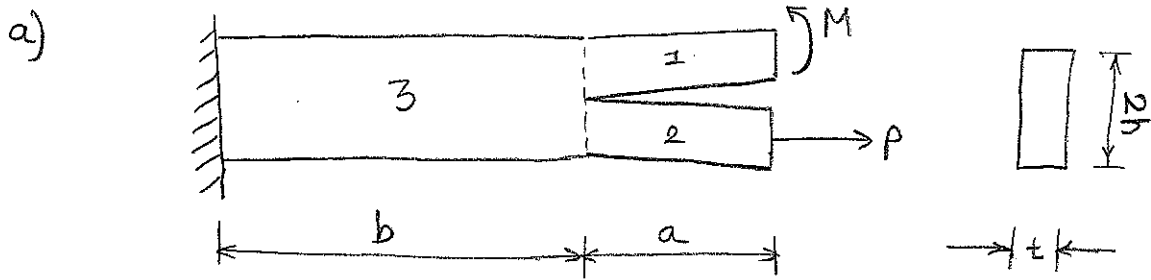
$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \cdot \left(\frac{11}{47} \right)^2 \cdot 2\pi = 0.055 \text{ in}$$

c)

$$a = \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{K_c}{\sigma_{max}} \right)^2 = \frac{1}{\pi} \cdot \left(\frac{110 \times 10^3}{55 \times 10^3} \right)^2 = 1.27 \text{ in.}$$

Maximum permissible crack length

$$= 2a = 2 \times 1.27 = 2.54 \text{ in}$$

Solution 11.3

For beam 1

$$U_1 = \int_0^a \frac{M^2}{2EI_1} dx$$

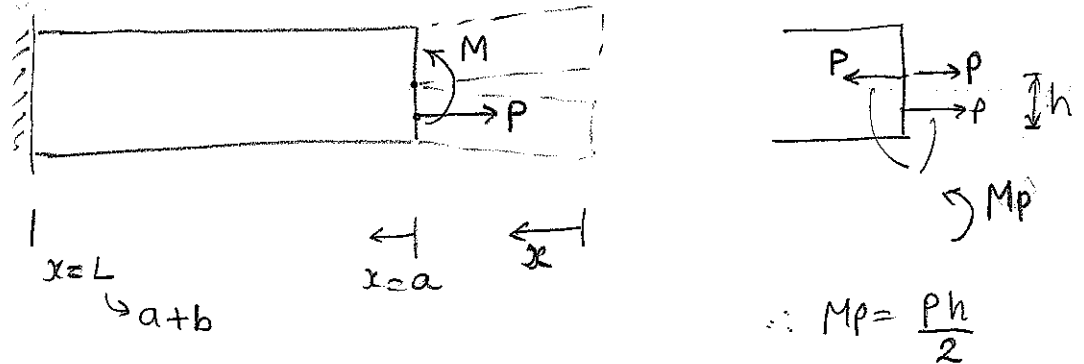
$$= \frac{M^2 a}{2E \left[\frac{1}{12} t (h)^3 \right]}$$

$$= \frac{6M^2 a}{Eth^3}$$

For beam 2

$$U_2 = \int_0^a \frac{P^2}{2EA_2} dx = \frac{P^2 a}{2E(t \cdot h)} = \frac{P^2 a}{2Eth}$$

For beam 3



$$U_3 = \int_a^L \left[\frac{(M+M_p)^2}{2E \left[\frac{1}{12} t (2h)^3 \right]} + \frac{P^2}{2E(t \cdot 2h)} \right] dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3(M+M_p)^2}{4Eth^3} + \frac{P^2}{4Eth} \right] (L-a)$$

∴ Total Strain energy

$$U = U_1 + U_2 + U_3$$

$$= \frac{6M^2 a}{E t h^3} + \frac{P^2 a}{2E t h} + \frac{3 \left(M + \frac{P h}{2} \right)^2 (L-a)}{4E t h^3} + \frac{P^2 (L-a)}{4E t h}$$

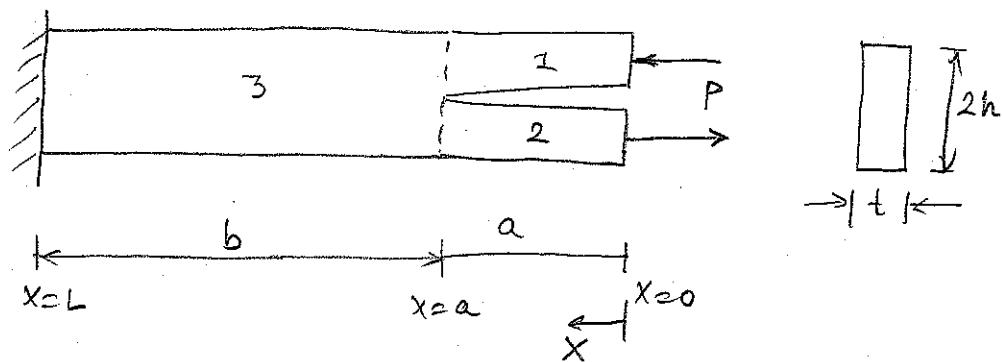
Strain energy release rate

$$G = \frac{dU_T}{dA} = \frac{dU_T}{t da}$$

$$= \frac{1}{t} \left[\frac{6M^2}{E t h^3} + \frac{P^2}{2E t h} + \frac{3 \left(M + \frac{P h}{2} \right)^2 (-1)}{4E t h^2} + \frac{P^2 (-1)}{4E t h} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{t} \left[\frac{6M^2}{E t h^3} + \frac{P^2}{2E t h} - \frac{3 \left(M + \frac{P h}{2} \right)^2}{4E t h^2} \right] = \frac{P^2}{16E t^2} + \frac{21M^2}{4E t^2 h^2} - \frac{3MP}{4E t^2 h}$$

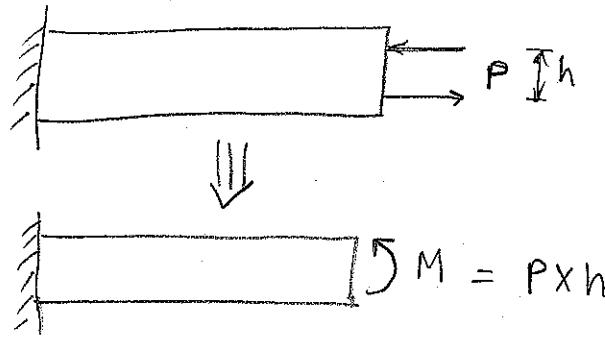
b)



$$\text{For beam 1} \quad U_1 = \int_0^a \frac{(-P)^2}{2EA_1} dx = \frac{P^2 a}{2E t h}$$

$$\text{For beam 2} \quad U_2 = \int_0^a \frac{P^2}{2EA_2} dx = \frac{P^2 a}{2E t h}$$

For beam 3



$$\begin{aligned}
 U_3 &= \int_a^L \frac{M^2}{2EI} dx = \frac{M^2 (L-a)}{2E \left[\frac{1}{12} t \cdot (2h)^3 \right]} \\
 &= \frac{3 M^2 (L-a)}{4E t h^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

Total Strain energy $U_T = U_1 + U_2 + U_3$

$$= \frac{p^2 a}{Eth} + \frac{3 M^2 (L-a)}{4E t h^3}$$

Strain energy release rate

$$\begin{aligned}
 G &= \frac{dU_T}{dA} = \frac{dU_T}{t \cdot da} \\
 &= \frac{1}{t} \left[\frac{p^2}{Eth} + \frac{3 M^2 (-1)}{4E t h^3} \right] \\
 &= \frac{1}{t} \left[\frac{p^2}{Eth} - \frac{3 M^2}{4E t h^3} \right] \\
 &= \frac{1}{t} \left[\frac{p^2}{Eth} - \frac{3 (Ph)^2}{4E t h^3} \right] \\
 &= \frac{1}{t} \left[\frac{p^2}{Eth} - \frac{3 p^2}{4Eth} \right] \\
 &= \frac{p^2}{4E t^2 h}
 \end{aligned}$$